Form revised: December 6, 2011

## FISCAL NOTE FOR NON-CAPITAL PROJECTS

Department:	Contact Person/Phone:	CBO Analyst/Phone:
Planning and Development	Ketil Freeman/48178	Not Applicable

## **Legislation Title:**

AN ORDINANCE relating to land use and zoning; extending the effect of interim development regulations previously extended by Ordinance 124269 to prohibit incompatible buildings on undersized single-family-zoned lots; and declaring an emergency requiring a three-fourths vote of the City Council so that the ordinance may take effect immediately.

## **Summary of the Legislation:**

This legislation extends, for a second time, interim development regulations adopted by Ordinance 123978 for development on undersized lots. The extended interim controls would expire on the earlier of the effective date of an ordinance implementing permanent regulations or September 8, 2014 Without passage of a second extension, on March 20, 2014 development regulations would revert to those in place prior to passage of Ordinance 123978.

In reviewing Land Use Code provisions governing undersized lots and minimum lot area exceptions, the Department of Planning and Development (DPD) has determined that development approved under current standards is often out of character with surrounding conditions and inconsistent with the policy intent of allowing infill development on undersized lots. Interim measures are proposed in order to prevent a rush to obtain permits and develop properties in a manner that is not appropriate while this issue is being studied and legislation for permanent provisions is completed.

#### The interim measures would:

- Limit application of the lot area exception provided for lots of historic record to those lots with an area of at least 50 percent of the general minimum requirement for the zone.
- End the use of historic tax records as a basis for qualifying for lot area exceptions.
- Continue to allow development of lots with an area of between 50 and 75 percent of the
  general minimum lot area of the zone (i.e. lots between 2,500 and 3,750 square feet in an
  SF 5000 zone) by allowing development on such lots to be built to the height and floor
  area that would be allowed for a detached accessory dwelling unit on a lot of the same
  dimensions.

### **Background:**

Freeman LEG Small lot interim controls 2<sup>nd</sup> extension FISC February 4, 2014 Version #1

Seattle has imposed minimum lot area requirements in single-family zones since the 1950s, including exceptions to the minimum requirements. Exceptions were allowed for infill housing opportunities on lots that otherwise would remain vacant, and to allow property owners who had acquired a parcel prior to the adoption of the minimum lot area requirement to continue to benefit from their investment. The latter purpose was the chief reason behind the exception in Section 23.44.010.B.1.d, made for certain historic lots of record prior to July 24, 1957, the date which the City adopted minimum lot area standards and exceptions to those standards.

Unlike most of the lot area exceptions in Section 23.44.010.B, the exception for historic lots of record includes no absolute minimum area requirement. In recent years, development of lots under 50 percent of the minimum lot area requirement has been approved pursuant to the historic lot exception. Development on significantly undersized lots has triggered strong and persistent complaints from neighbors. Typically, the following issues have been raised:

- Development is occurring on lots that are so small that they are out of scale with the surrounding development pattern; neighbors never expected that they could be separately developed.
- In some cases it appears that a lot, although technically treated as separate in an historic record, most likely was never held with any intention that it might someday be separately developed.
- The separate development of lots based on historic tax records does not appear to be justified based on the intent behind the exception made for other historic lots, to preserve the opportunity to develop, as the separate tax lots were not historically created or acquired for separate development. These arcane tax record provisions benefit developers rather than the historic owners of the parcels.
- Houses being built on undersized lots are often taller than surrounding homes, or otherwise present imposing façades or other design problems, due to the desire to maximize potential floor area, at the expense of compatibility with adjacent development.
- Because the development of a house on an undersized lot requires no discretionary review, it triggers no public notice. Neighbors often become aware that the lot is to be separately developed only when construction begins. No administrative appeal is available; the only recourse is to go to court under the Land Use Petition Act, and the opportunity to do that is subject to a very tight deadline.

The Department charges fees to cover the cost of review of these permit applications. The proposed amendments will not add review time or cost. No fiscal impacts are anticipated from the adoption of this legislation. A schedule for adoption of permanent legislation is included in the legislation with an anticipated effective date of September 2013. Fiscal impacts of the future legislation will be considered as part of the preparation of that proposal.

X	_ This legislation does not have any financial implications.
	This legislation has financial implications.

Please check one of the following:

# **Other Implications:**

- a) Does the legislation have indirect financial implications, or long-term implications? No.
- b) What is the financial cost of not implementing the legislation? None.
- c) Does this legislation affect any departments besides the originating department? No.
- d) What are the possible alternatives to the legislation that could achieve the same or similar objectives?

No alternatives have been identified.

e) Is a public hearing required for this legislation?

Yes. The City Council must hold a public hearing within 60 days of passage of the ordinance.

f) Is publication of notice with *The Daily Journal of Commerce* and/or *The Seattle Times* required for this legislation?

Yes. Publication of notice of the Council public hearing will be made in *The Daily Journal of Commerce* and in the City's Land Use Information Bulletin.

g) Does this legislation affect a piece of property?

The legislation is of general application to property having the characteristics described in the ordinance.

h) Other Issues: None.

List attachments to the fiscal note below: None.